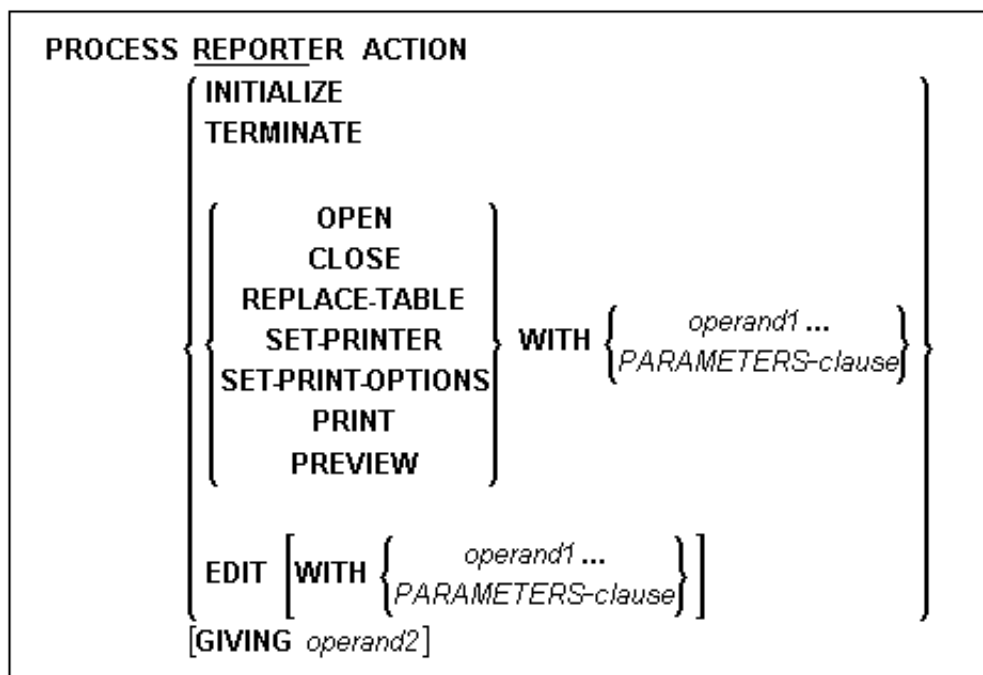


PROCESS REPORTER

Note:

This statement is only available under Windows.



Operand	Possible Structure		Possible Formats												Referencing Permitted	Dynamic Definition
Operand1	C	S				A	N	P	I	F	B	D	T	L	yes	no
Operand2		S					N	P	I						yes	no

Function

The PROCESS REPORTER statement is used to communicate with the Natural reporter from within a program, instructing the reporter to perform a particular action.

For a description of the reporter, please refer to the Natural Reporter online help.

Note:

For actions that apply to a specific report, you may abbreviate the second keyword to REPORT. This is only to enhance the readability of your programs; Natural does not distinguish between the written-out and abbreviated forms of the keyword.

Actions

You can specify one of the following actions to be performed by the reporter:

- **INITIALIZE** - This action initializes and loads the reporter. This must always be the first action to be performed.
- **TERMINATE** - This action terminates and unloads the reporter. This must always be the last action to be performed.
- **OPEN** - This action opens a specified report, and returns a handle which can be used to identify the report for subsequent actions.
- **CLOSE** - This action closes a specified report, after which the report handle can no longer be used.
- **REPLACE-TABLE** - This action replaces the path name of a table.
- **SET-PRINTER** - This action selects a printer to be used for subsequent printing of all reports. The print method for the selected printer must be set to "TTY" in NATPARM.
- **SET-PRINT-OPTIONS** - This action is used to set print options for a specified report.
- **PRINT** - This action prints a specified report on the currently selected printer.
- **PREVIEW** - This action previews a specified report, based on the currently selected printer.
- **EDIT** - If no report is specified, this action shows the main reporter window. If a report is specified, this action shows the main reporter window together with the edit window for the specified report.

WITH Clause

As *operand1*, you specify the parameter(s) to be passed to the action.

Alternatively, you can use the *PARAMETERS-clause*:

PARAMETERS-clause

PARAMETERS {*parameter-name* = *operand1*} ... **END-PARAMETERS**

With this clause, you specify the parameter(s) by name (instead of by position).

Parameters for OPEN Action

For this action, you specify as first parameter the name of the report to be opened (without .rpt extension or path specification), and as second parameter the field to receive the handle. The format/length of the first parameter must be compatible with A8, that of the second parameter with I4.

The report is searched for in the logon library's RES subdirectory first, then in the RES subdirectory of each steplib, then in the directory assigned to the environment variable NATGUI_BMP.

Note that the report data is first searched for in the path specified when the report was created (if it exists), then in the directory in which the report was found.

If you use the *PARAMETERS-clause*, the *parameter-name* must be "REPORT-NAME" for the report name, and "REPORT-ID" for the handle field.

Examples:

PROCESS REPORT ACTION OPEN WITH 'MYREPORT' #HANDLE

```

PROCESS REPORT ACTION OPEN WITH
PARAMETERS
  REPORT-NAME = 'MYREPORT'
  REPORT-ID   = #HANDLE
END-PARAMETERS

```

Parameters for REPLACE-TABLE Action

For this action, you specify as first parameter the handle identifying the report to which the action is to be applied, as second parameter the work file number, and, optionally, as third parameter the table name. The format/length of the first two parameters must be compatible with I4, that of the third parameter with A8.

If you use the *PARAMETERS-clause*, the *parameter-names* must be "REPORT-ID", "WORK-FILE" and "TABLE-NAME" respectively.

Example:

```

PROCESS REPORT ACTION REPLACE-TABLE WITH
PARAMETERS
  REPORT-ID = #HANDLE
  WORK-FILE = 5
END-PARAMETERS

```

Parameter for SET-PRINTER Action

For this action, you specify as *operand1* the logical device name ('LPT1' to 'LPT31') of the printer to be selected. The format/length of *operand1* must be compatible with A8.

If you use the *PARAMETERS-clause*, the *parameter-name* must be "DEVICE-NAME".

Example:

```

PROCESS REPORTER ACTION SET-PRINTER WITH 'LPT1'

```

Parameters for SET-PRINT-OPTIONS Action

For this action, you specify as first parameter the handle identifying the report to which the action is to be applied, followed by the printer options to be set - all of which are optional. If a parameter is omitted, the corresponding option remains unchanged.

The 1st parameter (which must be compatible with format/length I4) is the handle identifying the report to which the action is to be applied.

The 2nd parameter (which must be compatible with format/length I2) is one of the paper-size constants defined in the local data area NGULKEY1. The possible values here are:

- CUSTOM-PAPER (use explicit paper width and height)
- LETTER (8.5 x 11 inches)
- LEGAL (8.5 x 14 inches)
- EXECUTIVE (7.25 x 10.5 inches)
- A4 (210 x 297 mm)
- COM-10-ENVELOPE (4.125 x 9.5 inches)
- DL-ENVELOPE (110 x 220 mm)

- C5-ENVELOPE (162 x 229 mm)
- B5-ENVELOPE (176 x 250 mm)
- MONARCH-ENVELOPE (3.875 x 7.5 inches)

The 3rd and 4th parameters (which must be compatible with format/length I2) are the paper width and height respectively (in twips; 1 twip = 1/1440 inches). These parameters are only used with paper size CUSTOM-PAPER.

The 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th parameters (which must be compatible with format/length I2) specify the left, top, right and bottom margins respectively (in twips).

The 9th parameter (which must be of format L) is the paper orientation: TRUE = landscape, FALSE = portrait. This parameter is not used with paper size CUSTOM-PAPER.

The 10th parameter (which must be of format L) is the fast (text only) print option: TRUE = suppression of graphics, FALSE = no suppression.

The 11th parameter (which must be of format L) determines whether records that consist entirely of blanks are to be suppressed in the output: TRUE = suppression, FALSE = no suppression.

The 12th parameter (which must be of format L) determines whether successive records with identical data are to be ignored: TRUE = ignore, FALSE = do not ignore.

The 13th parameter (which must be of format L) determines whether a printer selection dialog is to be displayed during printing: TRUE = display, FALSE = no display.

The 14th parameter (which must be compatible with format/length I2) is one of the paper-source constants defined in the local data area NGULKEY1. The possible values here are: AUTOMATIC = automatic feed, MANUAL = manual feed.

If you use the *PARAMETERS-clause*, the *parameter-names* must be REPORT-ID, PAPER-SIZE, PAPER-WIDTH, PAPER-HEIGHT, LEFT-MARGIN, TOP-MARGIN, RIGHT-MARGIN, BOTTOM-MARGIN, LANDSCAPE, FAST-PRINT, SUPPRESS-BLANK-LINES, IGNORE-DUPPLICATES, SHOW-PRINT-DIALOG and PAPER-SOURCE respectively.

Examples:

```
DEFINE DATA LOCAL
  USING 'NGULKEY1'
END-DEFINE
...
PROCESS REPORT ACTION SET-PRINT-OPTIONS WITH #HANDLE
  A4 0 0 0 0 0 0 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE AUTOMATIC
```

```

DEFINE DATA LOCAL
  USING 'NGLUKEY1'
END-DEFINE
...
PROCESS REPORT ACTION SET-PRINT-OPTIONS WITH PARAMETERS
  REPORT-ID = #HANDLE
  PAPER-SIZE = A4
  PAPER-WIDTH = 0
  PAPER-HEIGHT = 0
  LEFT-MARGIN = 0   TOP-MARGIN = 0
  RIGHT-MARGIN = 0  BOTTOM-MARGIN = 0
  LANDSCAPE = FALSE
  FAST-PRINT = FALSE
  SUPPRESS-BLANK-LINES = FALSE
  IGNORE-DUPPLICATES = FALSE
  SHOW-PRINT-DIALOG = FALSE
  PAPER-SOURCE = AUTOMATIC
END-PARAMETERS

```

Parameter for CLOSE, PRINT, PREVIEW, EDIT Actions

For these actions, you specify as *operand1* the handle identifying the report to which the action is to be applied. The format/length of *operand1* must be compatible with I4.

If you use the *PARAMETERS-clause*, the *parameter-name* must be "REPORT-ID".

Examples:

```

PROCESS REPORT ACTION PRINT WITH #HANDLE
PROCESS REPORT ACTION PREVIEW WITH #HANDLE
PROCESS REPORT ACTION CLOSE WITH #HANDLE
PROCESS REPORT ACTION EDIT WITH #HANDLE
PROCESS REPORTER ACTION EDIT

```

GIVING operand2

With the GIVING clause, you can retrieve the response code from the invoked action.

As *operand2*, you specify the field to receive the response code.

The response code is returned in format/length I4.

Response code "0" indicates that the action was successful. Any other response code corresponds to a Natural system error number (NATnnnn).